

Reference Sheet for *What Follows*

Names of Languages

PL: Propositional Logic

M: Monadic (First-Order) Predicate Logic

F: Full (First-Order) Predicate Logic

FF: Full (First-Order) Predicate Logic with functors

S: Second-Order Predicate Logic

Basic Truth Tables

\sim	α
0	1
1	0

α	\cdot	β
1	1	1
1	0	0
0	0	1
0	0	0

α	\vee	β
1	1	1
1	1	0
0	1	1
0	0	0

α	\supset	β
1	1	1
1	0	0
0	1	1
0	1	0

α	\equiv	β
1	1	1
1	0	0
0	0	1
0	1	0

Rules of Inference

Modus Ponens (MP)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \supset \beta \\ \alpha \quad / \beta \end{array}$$

Conjunction (Conj)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \\ \beta \quad / \alpha \cdot \beta \end{array}$$

Modus Tollens (MT)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \supset \beta \\ \neg \beta \quad / \neg \alpha \end{array}$$

Addition (Add)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \quad / \alpha \vee \beta \end{array}$$

Disjunctive Syllogism (DS)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \vee \beta \\ \neg \alpha \quad / \beta \end{array}$$

Simplification (Simp)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \cdot \beta \quad / \alpha \end{array}$$

Hypothetical Syllogism (HS)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \supset \beta \\ \beta \supset \gamma \quad / \alpha \supset \gamma \end{array}$$

Constructive Dilemma (CD)

$$\begin{array}{c} (\alpha \supset \beta) \\ (\gamma \supset \delta) \\ \alpha \vee \gamma \quad / \beta \vee \delta \end{array}$$

Rules of Equivalence

DeMorgan's Laws (DM)

$$\begin{aligned}\neg(\alpha \cdot \beta) &\Leftrightarrow \neg\alpha \vee \neg\beta \\ \neg(\alpha \vee \beta) &\Leftrightarrow \neg\alpha \cdot \neg\beta\end{aligned}$$

Association (Assoc)

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha \vee (\beta \vee \gamma) &\Leftrightarrow (\alpha \vee \beta) \vee \gamma \\ \alpha \cdot (\beta \cdot \gamma) &\Leftrightarrow (\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma\end{aligned}$$

Distribution (Dist)

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha \cdot (\beta \vee \gamma) &\Leftrightarrow (\alpha \cdot \beta) \vee (\alpha \cdot \gamma) \\ \alpha \vee (\beta \cdot \gamma) &\Leftrightarrow (\alpha \vee \beta) \cdot (\alpha \vee \gamma)\end{aligned}$$

Commutativity (Com)

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha \vee \beta &\Leftrightarrow \beta \vee \alpha \\ \alpha \cdot \beta &\Leftrightarrow \beta \cdot \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Negation (DN)

$$\alpha \Leftrightarrow \neg\neg\alpha$$

Contraposition (Cont)

$$\alpha \supset \beta \Leftrightarrow \neg\beta \supset \neg\alpha$$

Material Implication (Impl)

$$\alpha \supset \beta \Leftrightarrow \neg\alpha \vee \beta$$

Material Equivalence (Equiv)

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha \equiv \beta &\Leftrightarrow (\alpha \supset \beta) \cdot (\beta \supset \alpha) \\ \alpha \equiv \beta &\Leftrightarrow (\alpha \cdot \beta) \vee (\neg\alpha \cdot \neg\beta)\end{aligned}$$

Exportation (Exp)

$$\alpha \supset (\beta \supset \gamma) \Leftrightarrow (\alpha \cdot \beta) \supset \gamma$$

Tautology (Taut)

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &\Leftrightarrow \alpha \cdot \alpha \\ \alpha &\Leftrightarrow \alpha \vee \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Six Derived Rules for the Biconditional

Rules of Inference

Biconditional Modus Ponens (BMP)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \equiv \beta \\ \alpha \quad / \beta \end{array}$$

Biconditional Modus Tollens (BMT)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \equiv \beta \\ \neg\alpha \quad / \neg\beta \end{array}$$

Biconditional Hypothetical Syllogism (BHS)

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \equiv \beta \\ \beta \equiv \gamma \quad / \alpha \equiv \gamma \end{array}$$

Rules of Equivalence

Biconditional DeMorgan's Law (BDM)

$$\neg(\alpha \equiv \beta) \Leftrightarrow \neg\alpha \equiv \neg\beta$$

Biconditional Commutativity (BCom)

$$\alpha \equiv \beta \Leftrightarrow \beta \equiv \alpha$$

Biconditional Contraposition (BCont)

$$\alpha \equiv \beta \Leftrightarrow \neg\alpha \equiv \neg\beta$$

Rules for Quantifier Instantiation and Generalization

Universal Instantiation (UI)

$$\frac{(\forall \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha}{\mathcal{F}\beta} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{for any variable } \alpha, \text{ any formula } \mathcal{F} \text{ containing } \alpha, \text{ and} \\ \text{any singular term } \beta \end{array}$$

Universal Generalization (UG)

$$\frac{\mathcal{F}\beta}{(\forall \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{for any variable } \beta, \text{ any formula } \mathcal{F} \text{ containing } \beta, \text{ and} \\ \text{for any variable } \alpha \end{array}$$

Never UG within the scope of an assumption for conditional or indirect proof on a variable that is free in the first line of the assumption.

Never UG on a variable when there is a constant present, and the variable was free when the constant was introduced.

Existential Generalization (EG)

$$\frac{\mathcal{F}\beta}{(\exists \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{for any singular term } \beta, \text{ any formula } \mathcal{F} \text{ containing } \beta, \text{ and} \\ \text{for any variable } \alpha \end{array}$$

Existential Instantiation (EI)

$$\frac{(\exists \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha}{\mathcal{F}\beta} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{for any variable } \alpha, \text{ any formula } \mathcal{F} \text{ containing } \alpha, \text{ and} \\ \text{any new constant } \beta \end{array}$$

Quantifier Equivalence (QE)

$$\begin{array}{lll} (\forall \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha & \equiv & \sim(\exists \alpha) \sim \mathcal{F}\alpha \\ (\exists \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha & \equiv & \sim(\forall \alpha) \sim \mathcal{F}\alpha \\ (\forall \alpha) \sim \mathcal{F}\alpha & \equiv & \sim(\exists \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha \\ (\exists \alpha) \sim \mathcal{F}\alpha & \equiv & \sim(\forall \alpha) \mathcal{F}\alpha \end{array}$$

Rules of Passage

For all variables α and all formulas Γ and Δ :

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{RP1: } (\exists\alpha)(\Gamma \vee \Delta) & \approx & (\exists\alpha)\Gamma \vee (\exists\alpha)\Delta \\ \text{RP2: } (\forall\alpha)(\Gamma \bullet \Delta) & \approx & (\forall\alpha)\Gamma \bullet (\forall\alpha)\Delta \end{array}$$

For all variables α , all formulas Γ containing α , and all formulas Δ not containing α :

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{RP3: } (\exists\alpha)(\Delta \bullet \Gamma\alpha) & \approx & \Delta \bullet (\exists\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \\ \text{RP4: } (\forall\alpha)(\Delta \bullet \Gamma\alpha) & \approx & \Delta \bullet (\forall\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \\ \text{RP5: } (\exists\alpha)(\Delta \vee \Gamma\alpha) & \approx & \Delta \vee (\exists\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \\ \text{RP6: } (\forall\alpha)(\Delta \vee \Gamma\alpha) & \approx & \Delta \vee (\forall\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \\ \text{RP7: } (\exists\alpha)(\Delta \supset \Gamma\alpha) & \approx & \Delta \supset (\exists\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \\ \text{RP8: } (\forall\alpha)(\Delta \supset \Gamma\alpha) & \approx & \Delta \supset (\forall\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \\ \text{RP9: } (\exists\alpha)(\Gamma\alpha \supset \Delta) & \approx & (\forall\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \supset \Delta \\ \text{RP10: } (\forall\alpha)(\Gamma\alpha \supset \Delta) & \approx & (\exists\alpha)\Gamma\alpha \supset \Delta \end{array}$$

Here are versions of each of the rules that are less-meta-linguistic and maybe easier to read:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{RP1: } (\exists x)(Px \vee Qx) & \approx & (\exists x)Px \vee (\exists x)Qx \\ \text{RP2: } (\forall x)(Px \bullet Qx) & \approx & (\forall x)Px \bullet (\forall x)Qx \\ \text{RP3: } (\exists x)(\mathcal{F} \bullet Px) & \approx & \mathcal{F} \bullet (\exists x)Px \\ \text{RP4: } (\forall x)(\mathcal{F} \bullet Px) & \approx & \mathcal{F} \bullet (\forall x)Px \\ \text{RP5: } (\exists x)(\mathcal{F} \vee Px) & \approx & \mathcal{F} \vee (\exists x)Px \\ \text{RP6: } (\forall x)(\mathcal{F} \vee Px) & \approx & \mathcal{F} \vee (\forall x)Px \\ \text{RP7: } (\exists x)(\mathcal{F} \supset Px) & \approx & \mathcal{F} \supset (\exists x)Px \\ \text{RP8: } (\forall x)(\mathcal{F} \supset Px) & \approx & \mathcal{F} \supset (\forall x)Px \\ \text{RP9: } (\exists x)(Px \supset \mathcal{F}) & \approx & (\forall x)Px \supset \mathcal{F} \\ \text{RP10: } (\forall x)(Px \supset \mathcal{F}) & \approx & (\exists x)Px \supset \mathcal{F} \end{array}$$

Rules Governing the Identity Predicate (ID)

IDr. Reflexivity: $\alpha = \alpha$

IDs. Symmetry: $\alpha = \beta \approx \beta = \alpha$

IDi. Indiscernibility of Identicals

$$\frac{\mathcal{F}\alpha}{\alpha = \beta} \quad / \quad \frac{}{\mathcal{F}\beta}$$