

Kripkenstein: A reexamination of Private Language

By Brendon and TC

A decorative graphic consisting of several horizontal lines of varying lengths and colors (teal, white, and light blue) extending from the right side of the slide towards the center.

Kripke's look on Private Language

- Common View + Hal and Nick- PLA starts with 243
- Kripke- No, PLA starts much before that
- This presentation- What is Kripke's look on the PLA, specifically in these early sections?

Wittgenstein #185

- Pupil creates series 0,2,4,6,8....
- Teacher tells pupil “continue the series beyond 1000”
- Pupil writes 1000,1004,1008,1012...

Teacher- “What are you doing? You’re supposed to add 2”

Pupil- “I thought I was meant to do it like this”

“Add 2 up to 1000, 4 up to 2000, 6 up to 3000....”

Main Point

- “In #201 Wittgenstein says, “this was our paradox: no course of action could be determined by a rule, because every course of action can be made to accord with the rule.”
(627)

Plus and Quus

- Math problem for Steve: $68+57=125$?
- Skeptic-“How do you know how to compute ‘plus’?”
- Steve-“‘+’ means addition which I have done many times before”
- Skeptic-“But how do you know what you have done before? Maybe, in the past, by ‘plus’ you meant ‘quus’!”

Quus

- $X \oplus Y = x+y$ if $x,y < 57$, $=5$ otherwise
- Does not actually matter how you define Quus, actually arbitrary function

Skeptic's Argument

- You cannot know what you meant in the past by “plus”
- Infinite possibilities from given point in series

Aspects of Rules

- Rules are not absolute
- Rules are community-made constructions
- However, you CAN establish rules

Private Language Argument

- Language is inherently part of a community
- Private model problem, impossible to look at language by itself

Private Model

- “What is really denied is what might be called the ‘private model’ of rule following, that the notion of a person following a given rule is to be analyzed simply in terms of facts about the rule follower and the rule follower alone, without reference to his membership in a wider community.” (635)

Group Activity!

- “Does this mean that Robinson Crusoe, isolated on an island, cannot be said to follow any rules, no matter what he does?” (Kripke 635)



Kripke *on Robinson Crusoe*

- “Does this mean that Robinson Crusoe, isolated on an island, cannot be said to follow any rules, no matter what he does?” (Kripke 635)
- Physical isolation, but we are considering him as a part of our community
- Regardless of geographic isolation, what matters is if we are truly *considering* him in isolation.

Impossibility of Private Causation

- Hume (633)
- a is believed to cause b
- Causation cannot be established in isolation
- Events of type A are always followed by events of type B
- Then a can be said to cause b

- Impossibility of private language is that no language can have meaning if considered in isolation